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From Saturday October 30, to Tuesday November 2, 1762.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 17th Day of *September*, 1762,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was pleaſed, by His Order in Council of the 2d of April laſt, to direct, That the Bounties of Six Pounds for every able Seaman, and of Three Pounds for every ordinary Seaman, ſhould continue to be paid to every ſuch able and ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who ſhould, on or before the 31ſt Day of May laſt, voluntarily enter themſelves to ſerve in His Majeſty's Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majeſty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board ſuch Tenders as ſhould be employed for raiſing Men for the Service of His Majeſty's Royal Navy: And alſo that the Bounty of Thirty Shillings ſhould be continued to be paid to every able bodied Landman not above the Age of Thirty Five, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who ſhould, on or before the ſaid 31ſt Day of May laſt, voluntarily enter themſelves in like Manner to ſerve in His Majeſty's Royal Navy; and that a Reward of Five Pounds for every able, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every ordinary Seaman, ſhould continue to be paid to any Perſon who ſhould diſcover any Seaman or Seamen who may ſecret themſelves, ſo that ſuch Seaman or Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's ſaid Service, on or before the ſaid Thirty-firſt Day of May laſt. —— And whereas the Time limited for paying the ſaid Bounties and Rewards hath been continued and extended to the 30th of this Inſtant September; And it being judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service, that the ſame ſhould be continued for ſome Time longer; His Majeſty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards, be prolonged and extended from the ſaid 30th Day of this Inſtant September, to the 30th Day of November next. And that the ſaid Bounties and Rewards be paid in the Manner directed by His Majeſty's aforementioned Order in Council of the 2d of April laſt. Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

W. Blair.

Warſaw, October 9. The Member who had given in a Manifeſt againſt the Continuance of the Diet, being departed for the Country; as he could not be found, and that Manifeſt conſequently could not be retracted, the Aſſembly was broken up of courſe the next Day.

Breſlaw, October 10. Yeſterday the Town of Schweidnitz ſurrendered by Capitulation, which was notified here in the Evening by the Arrival of a Number of Poſtmaſters, and Poſtilions blowing their Horns

The Garriſon are made Priſoners of War, and will march out this Day. There is no diſtinct Account yet received here of what preceded this Surrender: Only it is ſaid, that on the 8th, about Two in the Afternoon, a Bomb accidentally fell into the Caſematte of the Fort N° 2, where there was a Quantity of Gunpowder; the Blowing up of which filled the Ditch, on the Side next the Town, and killed a Major, Seven other Officers, and Two Hundred Men.

This Accident, joined to the Pruſſians ſpringing a Mine in the Night between the 8th and 9th, which totally ruined the Covered Way, is imagined to have induced the Commandant to capitulate.

We hear from Saxony, that on the 27th and 28th of September, the advanced Poſts of his Royal Highneſs Prince Henry were vigorouſly attacked and obliged to retire; that on the 29th, General Haddick attacked the Prince's Left Wing, and the Landſberg, ſituated in the Front of Lieutenant General Hulſen's Right. The Fire of the Artillery and Small Arms laſted upwards of Six Hours; and the Auſtrians were at laſt repulſed with a conſiderable Loſs of killed and wounded, beſides Three Hundred Priſoners. His Royal Highneſs, ſeeing the Danger he was expoſed to from the vaſt Supetiority of the Auſtrians, decamped from Pretſchendorff on the 30th, at Three in the Morning, and retired to Freyberg, without the Enemy's perceiving his Retreat. General Hulſen likewiſe quitted his Poſition, and occupied the Camp of Katzenhauſen.

Breſlaw, October 13. Yeſterday the firſt Tranſport of Priſoners, (conſiſting of 1200 Croates) from Schweidnitz, arrived here about Noon; and the ſecond Tranſport, compoſed of 2000 Regulars, is expected To-day.

It is reported, that Marſhal Daun has ſent a Detachment into the Higher Sileſia, to cover the Frontiers of Moravia, whilſt he remained, with the Groſs of his Army, near Glatz, to watch the King of Pruſſia's Motions.

Major General Schmettau, who was ſome Time ago detached towards Hirſchberg, and afterwards into Luſatia, thought proper, upon the Approach of General Beck, to retire, and has ſince joined the King of Pruſſia's Army, after raiſing conſiderable Contributions on the Towns of Lauban, Gorlitz, and Zittau.

Breſlaw, October 17. The Priſoners from Schweidnitz have been brought in daily, in different Convoys. They amount, in all, to between Six and Seven Thouſand Men, beſides the Sick and Wounded, who could not be tranſported, and are ſaid to be about Seventeen Hundred. Among the Priſoners are 130 Officers, one Lieutenant General, and two Major Generals. There were killed of the Garriſon, during the Siege, near Thirteen Hundred Men; ſo that their whole Number may be fairly reckoned to have been Ten Thouſand, beſides 150 Dragoons and Huſſars.

The Loſs of the Beſiegers is not known here with Certainty; but is reckoned at about Three Thouſand killed and wounded.

The following is the Capitulation granted to the Garriſon by his Pruſſian Majeſty.

Points of Capitulation propoſed by the Imperial Royal Garriſon of Schweidnitz.

The Garriſon demands to Capitulate on the following Conditions.

I. THE Garriſon ſhall go out of the Place with Drums beating, and all the Honours of War; ſhall lay down their Arms, and render themſelves Priſoners of War. The Officers to keep their Swords, and the Warrant Officers their Sabres.

I. *Granted.*

II. The

II. The Garriſon, and thoſe belonging to it, ſhall keep their Equipages, and every Thing belonging to them in Property.

II. *Granted.*

III. The Garriſon ſhall be diſtributed by Battalions, as they are now formed in Sileſia. The Officers to remain with their Detachments.

III. *The Places of Detention ſhall be aſſigned both to the Officers and private Men.*

IV. The Soldiers ſhall not be lodged in the Caſemates, but in convenient Quarters, where, beſides the ordinary Allowance, Wood and Straw ſhall be delivered to them, and neceſſary Cloathing, upon the Officers Receipts.

IV. *The Allowance to the Priſoners reſts as has been regulated by the Cartel.*

V. His Pruſſian Majeſty is deſired, in Caſe of Exchange, to give the Preference to the Officers and private Men of this Garriſon.

V. *Granted.*

VI. The Commandant ſhall be permitted to ſend two Officers of his own Choice to his Excellency Field Marſhal Count Daun, and even to Vienna, to ſolicit this Exchange; and he ſhall be at Liberty to ſend a Copy of this Capitulation.

VI. *Refuſed. All this may be facilitated by Letters; but it is granted that he may ſend an Officer with the Capitulation.*

VII. His Pruſſian Majeſty is prayed to grant a Pardon to all the Deſerters from his Army, who may be found in the Place; but thoſe in the Imperial Royal Service, who, during their being Priſoners of War, have entered into the Pruſſian Service, ſhall not be looked upon as Deſerters, and ſhall remain in Priſon till they are ranſomed.

VII. *The Deſerters ſhall be retaken, and remitted to the Regiments in which they were before: It ſhall depend on the King's Clemency to puniſh them or not.*

VIII. Relays of Horſes ſhall be given to the Officers both for themſelves and their Equipages, gratis, to the Place of their Deſtination; and they ſhall be permitted to ſend back to the Dominions of her Imperial Royal Majeſty, their Horſes, Equipages, and Domeſticks, or to ſend for them from thence; to which End the neceſſary Paſſports and Eſcorts ſhall be given to them; but thoſe Equipages ſhall not be viſited. Moreover, Relays of Horſes ſhall be given them gratis in this Caſe alſo.

VIII. *Granted, for their Perſons, and for whatever they ſhall take with them to the Place of their Deſtination; but whatever they ſhall ſend or fetch, ſhall be at their own Charges.*

IX. Whatever belongs to the Commiſſariat of War and Proviſions, the Phyſicians, Surgeons, Clerks of the Fortifications and Artillery, ſhall not be reputed Priſoners of War, but they ſhall be permitted to return with their Effects, and Books of Accounts, into her Imperial Majeſty's Dominions.

IX. *The Phyſicians and Surgeons are not accounted Priſoners of War. All the others ſhall be releaſed, but ſhall be reputed Priſoners of War, and ſhall give their Acknowledgment as ſuch, till ſuch Time as they are made good to us.*

X. It ſhall be in like Manner permitted to all the Sutlers, Tradeſmen, and all who have followed the Garriſon hither, to return into the ſaid Dominions of her Imperial Royal Majeſty, with all their Effects and Commodities.

X. *Granted.*

XI. All poſſible Care ſhall be taken of the Sick and Wounded of the Garriſon; for which Purpoſe the Officers, Phyſicians, Surgeons, and neceſſary Nurſes, ſhall be permitted to remain with them. The Maimed ſhall be free, and ſhall have Liberty to return, after they are perfectly healed, into the Dominions of her Imperial Royal Majeſty, in order to receive the Aſſiſtance neceſſary to their Condition.

XI. *The former is granted.*
The latter is limitted; they may return after their Recovery, but it muſt be partly made good on the Exchange.

XII. The Officers ſhall be permitted, on the Demand of the Commandant, to go to attend their Affairs, and their Health, either in the Hereditary Dominions, or elſewhere.

XII. *This will depend on a ſpecial Permiſſion of his Majeſty.*

XIII. The Debts of the Military Cheſt, contracted with the Inhabitants, ſhall be liquidated, in order to be made good afterwards by her Imperial Royal Majeſty.

XIII. *Agreed; but the Officers ſhall be obliged alſo to liquidate their Debts, or to give ſufficient Security.*

XIV. The Town, the Magiſtracy, the Burghers, Convents, and Churches, ſhall be preſerved in the Enjoyment of their Rights, Privileges, Immunities, and free Exerciſe of their Religion.

XIV. *That goes of Courſe.*

XV. As ſoon as the preſent Capitulation is ſigned, Hoſtages ſhall be given, and all Hoſtilities ſhall ceaſe, and the Fort of Jauernick, la Fleche, and the Barrier of Strigaw, ſhall be delivered to the Troops of his Pruſſian Majeſty.

XV. *Agreed.*

XVI. As ſoon as the Relays ſhall be all ready, and Four and Twenty Hours after the Signing the preſent Capitulation, the Garriſon ſhall march out, as demanded above by the 1ſt Article, to be removed to the Places intended; but it ſhall not be allowed, until the entire Evacuation, to the Troops of His Pruſſian Majeſty to enter either into the Town, or into the other Poſts occupied by the Garriſon, excepting only the Commiſſaries and Officers, who ſhall be appointed to take Cuſtody of the Arſenal, the Magazines, and the Proviſions, and thoſe, who ſhall come to receive the Priſoners made by the Garriſon during the Siege; and that, in order to avoid the Diſorders that might ariſe between the Troops of the two Powers.

XVI. *Agreed; but the Garriſon ſhall march out at Eight o'Clock To-morrow Morning.*

XVII. If it ſhould happen that Difficulties ſhould ariſe in the Execution of the preſent Capitulation, they ſhall be decided in Favour of the Garriſon.

XVII. *That ſhall be according to the Exigence of the Caſe.*

Addition.

It is not poſſible to go out To-morrow Morning by Eight o'Clock; and the Garriſon ſhall not go out till the next Day at the ſame Hour.

The 9th of Oct. 1762. *Teichenau.*

Signed,
Tauenzien,
Francois Comte de Guaſco.

Hambourg, October 26. Advice was received here laſt Night from Berlin, that on the 15th Inſtant, General Haddick's Army, with That of the Empire, gained a conſiderable Advantage over Prince Henry near Freyberg, in which the Pruſſians had loſt near a Thouſand Men Killed and Wounded, beſides Eight Pieces of Cannon: Upon which Prince Henry retreated with his Army, during the Night, to Siebenlehn, which his Royal Highneſs effected in the greateſt Order. However, the Day following he approached again within a German Mile of Freyberg, and hoped to recover ſoon that Place. Before this Affair happened, his Pruſſian Majeſty detached from the Army under his Command, Twenty ſix Battalions and Seventy Squadrons, to reinforce That under his Brother Prince Henry; which Reinforcement, it was hoped, would oblige the Enemy to quit their preſent Poſition, and enable his Royal Highneſs to regain the Superiority he has had during the Campaign.

Hague, October 26. Nothing is come in from the Army ſince the laſt Poſt; but we are informed from other Places, that the Siege of Caſſel is carried on with great Vivacity; and it was expected the firſt Parallel would be compleated on the 22d. The Fire of the Beſieged has hitherto done no Miſchief; and as there is not much Artillery in the Place, it is expected,

pected, when the Batteries are ready to open, that the Fire of the Enemy will ſoon diminiſh. The Sallies hitherto made have likewiſe been unſucceſsful. The Beſiegers had loſt only one Officer and 20 Men down to the 22d of this Month. During this Operation, the French Marſhals attempt nothing; and our Advices ſay, that the Equipages of their Army are in March for Frankfort. In Saxony the Auſtrians have again attempted to diſlodge Prince Henry of Pruſſia the 14th; but His Royal Highneſs had the good Fortune to repulſe them, and ſtill maintained the Poſt of Freyberg. The King of Pruſſia had detached 10,000 Men to reinforce his Brother, under General Neuwied, who was already in Luſatia, on his Way to Saxony. The Hereditary Prince continues to mend daily: His Serene Highneſs ſits up every Day ſeveral Hours.

Hague, October 29. General Dieſbach, the Commandant of Caſſel, made a Sally on the 22d Inſtant, at the Head of the whole Garriſon, and obliged the Ordinary Guard to abandon the Trenches; but Prince Frederick of Brunſwick, at the Head of Four Battalions, coming quickly to their Support, drove the Enemy back into Caſſel with great Loſs, before they had Time to do any Damage to the Works.

Erratum.

In the Gazette of Saturday October 23, In the 4th Paragraph of the Addreſs from New Romney, for the Words *unabetted Activity*, read *unabated Activity, &c.*

Newcaſtle Houſe, November 2, 1762.

The Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Nottingham are deſired to meet at the Swan Inn in Mansfield, on Friday the 26th of this Inſtant November, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, to put in Execution the Act of Parliament for raiſing the Militia.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Whitehall, November 2, 1762.

Whereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, That the Houſe of Peter Laprimaudaye, in Angel Court, Throgmorton Street, London, Merchant, was, on Wedneſday the 27th of October laſt, between the Hours of Twelve and Four o'Clock in the Morning, burglariouſly broke open and robbed of a Quantity of Plate: And that the Perſons who committed the ſaid Burglary and Robbery, found Means, afterwards, to make their Eſcape: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Crimes, or either of them, is, hereby pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any One of them who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof. EGREMONT.

And, as a further Encouragement, the ſaid Peter Laprimaudaye does, hereby, promiſe a Reward of Fifty Pounds to any Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid; to be paid, by him, upon the Conviction of any one, or more, of the Offenders.

Peter Laprimaudaye.

General Poſt Office, October 29, 1762.

Publick Notice is hereby given to all Perſons correſponding with the Havannah, That Letters, for the future, will be regularly forwarded to that Place by the Weſt India Mails.

And that ſuch Letters will accordingly be diſpatched from this Office on Saturday the 6th of November next.

By Command of the Poſtmaſter General,

Hen. Potts, *Secretary.*

Britiſh Linen Office, Edinburgh, October 25, 1762.

The Court of Directors of the Britiſh Linen Company hereby give Notice, That a Quarterly General Court of Proprietors will be held at their Office on Monday the 6th of December next, in Terms of the Charter.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Boreas, the Hon. Robert Boyle, Commander, who were actually on board at the taking of the Bayonſe and Leon French Privateers, that they, or their lawful Attorneys, will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Head Money for the ſaid Privateers, at the Star in Alderſgate Street, London, on Monday the 8th of November 1762: And the Shares not then demanded will be paid at the ſaid Place the ſecond Tueſday in every Month for three Years to come.

John Bernard, *of Alderſgate Street, Agent.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships undermentioned, who were on Board at Taking and Retaking the Prizes hereafter mentioned, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of them, on Board thoſe Ships at Plymouth, the 6th of November 1762, if they are then there, or as ſoon after as they ſhall arrive, viz.

Æolus, for the Hulls and Bounties for the Eſperance, Mignon, Malonin, and Curieux French Privateers, and Salvages for the Jenny, and Elizabeth and Anna, Recaptures.

Brilliant, for the Hull of the Malonin, and Hull and Bounty for the Curieux, and Salvage for the Elizabeth and Anna.

And the Shares, remaining unpaid, will be recalled at the Exeter Inn at Plymouth, the firſt Tueſday in every Month, for three Years after the firſt Payment.

John Lloyd, *of Plymouth, and Co. Agents.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships undermentioned, who were actually on board at taking and retaking the following Prizes, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares for them, as againſt each expreſſed, in Caſe they are then in Port, or as ſoon after as they arrive there, viz.

Juno and Bellona for the Hull and Bounty of L'Pervier French Privateer, on board at Plymouth, viz. Juno the 10th of November 1762, and Bellona the 1ſt of December 1762.

Actæon for the Hull of the Aurore French Privateer, on board at Plymouth, the 11th of November 1762.

Prince Frederick for the Salvage of the Diſpatch Snow retaken, on board at Plymouth, the 1ſt of December 1762.

And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled at the Exeter Inn at Plymouth, the firſt Monday in every Month for three Years after the firſt Payments are made as aforeſaid. John Lloyd, *of Plymouth, Agent.*

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree and ſeveral ſubſequent Orders of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Harris, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London, on the 10th of December next, at Five in the Afternoon, in one Lot, The Manor of Hylton in the County of Durham; and the Caſtle called Hylton Caſtle, with the Gardens, Plantations, and Appurtenances thereunto belonging. And ſeveral Meſſuages, Farms, Lands, and Tenements within the ſaid Manor, now lett at the yearly Rent of 900 l. and upwards, (excluſive of the ſaid Caſtle, Gardens and Plantations) being Part of the Real Eſtates of John Hylton, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors, of Ralph Whitley, late of Alſton in the County of Flint, Eſq; deceaſed, are forthwith to come before Peter Holford Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, and prove their reſpective Debts, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt againſt Richard and Francis Enchmarch, of Tiverton in the County of Devon, Merchants, may receive a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate, on applying to Mr. George Ellis, Attorney, in Dean Street Fetter Lane, and producing their Securities, on Wedneſday next, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Forenoon; and on every Wedneſday and Friday following, at the like Time.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Graham, late of Thorney Flatts, in the Pariſh of Kirklinton, in the County of Cumberland, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignee of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on the 13th of November Inſtant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Mrs. Ann Lupton, Widow, known by the Sign of the King's Arms in the City of Carliſle in the ſaid County, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignee's commencing or defending one or more Suit or Suits for Recovery of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects;